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Γ	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
	09/414,082	10/06/1999	KENNETH M. BUCKLAND	062891340	2772
	75	590 09/23/2003			
BAKER & BOTTS LLP		OTTS LLP		EXAMINER	
	2001 ROSS AVENUE DALLAS, TX 752012980			PHILPOTT, JUSTIN M	
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2665	7
				DATE MAILED: 09/23/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

,	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/414,082	BUCKLAND ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
·	Justin M Philpott	2665				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute,  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. 8 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 J	<u>uly 2003</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ Thi	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2-9,11-17 and 19-48</u> is/are pending ir	the application					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2-9,11-17 and 19-48</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Applicati	on No				
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
4) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)	priority under 55 C.S.C. 88 120	alid/ULTZT.				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	v (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				
S Patent and Trademark Office						



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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

1. In the Amendment filed July 16, 2003, Applicant has amended all independent claims 3, 4, 6, 12-14, 20, 21, 23, 27-29 and 48 to include further limitations. Applicant also argues that all pending claims should be allowed in view of the Amendment.

### Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 2-9, 11-17 and 19-48 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 4. Claims 2-9, 11-17 and 19-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,903,371 to Arecco et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,512,740 to Baniewicz et al.

Regarding claims 3-6, 12-14, 20-23, 27-29 and 48, Arecco teaches a method in a TDM network (e.g., FIG. 1) having a plurality of switchable paths (e.g., main path 5-8, and secondary path 9-12) to a common destination (e.g., one of nodes 1-4) wherein the method comprises: receiving TDM traffic from a traffic source (e.g., node 1) as a plurality of copies of traffic routed along a plurality of predetermined paths (e.g., main path and secondary path) originating at the



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traffic source, each one of the paths having a receive circuit (e.g., coupler 31 and 32 corresponding to main path and secondary path, respectively, see FIG. 2); configuring a TDM switch (e.g., switch 37) to provide a route to a common destination (e.g., line terminal 39) for each one of the paths; determining a qualified copy of the traffic (e.g., controlled selection means, see col. 2, lines 65-66); and discarding all copies of the traffic except for the qualified copy (e.g., see col. 2, lines 66-67) such that only the qualified copy is passed to the TDM switch for routing to the common destination. Furthermore, Arecco teaches the determining comprises detecting a loss of a signal at one of the respective circuits (e.g., see col. 4, lines 14-20).

However, Arecco may not specifically disclose the signal comprises a keep-alive signal.

Baniewicz also teaches a method in a TDM network having a plurality of switchable paths (e.g., see FIGS. 5A-6). Furthermore, Baniewicz teaches transmitting and detecting keepalive signals (e.g., keep-alive messages) and alarm indication signals (e.g., AIS signals 130 in FIG. 10) (e.g., see col. 7, line 15 – col. 8, line 20, and FIG. 7) for improved network performance. Specifically, the teachings of Baniewicz provide the network with the ability to accommodate at least some rerouting of traffic so as to restore circuit continuity within a predetermined maximum amount of time upon detection of a break (e.g., see col. 2, lines 25-33). Thus, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to apply the teachings of Baniewicz to the method of Arecco in order to restore circuit continuity within a predetermined maximum amount of time upon detection of a break.

Further, regarding claims 4, 13 and 21, upon receiving a signal fail message in Arecco in view of Baniewicz, bit error rate implicitly exceeds 10<sup>-3</sup> in the path.



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Further, regarding claims 5 and 22, Baniewicz teaches accompanying traffic with kill-bits (e.g., X-bits, see col. 8, lines 35-60) to indicate whether the traffic should be switched through or discarded. As discussed above, the teachings of Baniewicz provide the network with the ability to accommodate at least some rerouting of traffic so as to restore circuit continuity within a predetermined maximum amount of time upon detection of a break (e.g., see col. 2, lines 25-33). Thus, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to apply the teachings of Baniewicz to the method of Arecco in order to restore circuit continuity within a predetermined maximum amount of time upon detection of a break.

Further, regarding claims 6 and 23, Baniewicz teaches communicating information related to qualifying between the respective receive circuits by means of path verification messaging (e.g., see col. 7, lines 60-61). As discussed above, the teachings of Baniewicz provide the network with the ability to accommodate at least some rerouting of traffic so as to restore circuit continuity within a predetermined maximum amount of time upon detection of a break (e.g., see col. 2, lines 25-33). Thus, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to apply the teachings of Baniewicz to the method of Arecco in order to restore circuit continuity within a predetermined maximum amount of time upon detection of a break.

Further, regarding claims 12, 14 and 28, while Baniewicz may not disclose a specific memory stores designated traffic, Baniewicz teaches memories are provided within nodes by disclosing that port listings are stored in each node (e.g., see col. 17, lines 52-61). Furthermore, the Examiner takes official notice that storing traffic within a provided memory in a node is well known in the art of network switching. As discussed above, the teachings of Baniewicz provide



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the network with the ability to accommodate at least some rerouting of traffic so as to restore circuit continuity within a predetermined maximum amount of time upon detection of a break (e.g., see col. 2, lines 25-33). Thus, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to apply the teachings of Baniewicz to the method of Arecco in order to restore circuit continuity within a predetermined maximum amount of time upon detection of a break.

Further, regarding claims 27 and 29, Baniewicz teaches receiving traffic associated with a path, determining if the TDM traffic is pass-through based on the path, and if the TDM traffic is not pass-through, set an accompanying kill-bit (e.g., removing path verification message comprising X-bit) if the receive circuit is stand-by for the particular path (e.g., see col. 8, line 35 – col. 9, line 25). As discussed above, the teachings of Baniewicz provide the network with the ability to accommodate at least some rerouting of traffic so as to restore circuit continuity within a predetermined maximum amount of time upon detection of a break (e.g., see col. 2, lines 25-33). Thus, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to apply the teachings of Baniewicz to the method of Arecco in order to restore circuit continuity within a predetermined maximum amount of time upon detection of a break. Further, while Baniewicz may not specifically disclose the path links are VTs, Baniewicz teaches that path links are SONET links (e.g., see col. 7, line 64). The Examiner takes official notice that it is well known in the art that VTs are used as path links in SONET.

Regarding claims 2, 11 and 19, the determining of Arecco implicitly comprises receiving management traffic on a path indicating degradation or loss of signal on the path (e.g., controlled selection means, see col. 2, line 55 – col. 4, line 53).

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Regarding claims 7, 15, 24, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46, the network of Arecco (e.g., see FIG. 1) comprises a first path (5-8) in a first direction (13) around a SONET UPSR and a second path (9-12) in a second direction (14) around the SONET UPSR, which provides an optical self-healing-ring communication network.

Regarding claims 8, 16 and 25, Baniewicz teaches TDM traffic is carried in STS-1 formats within a transmission signal (e.g., see col. 4, lines 1-17). As discussed above, the teachings of Baniewicz provide the network with the ability to accommodate at least some rerouting of traffic so as to restore circuit continuity within a predetermined maximum amount of time upon detection of a break (e.g., see col. 2, lines 25-33). Thus, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to apply the teachings of Baniewicz to the method of Arecco in order to restore circuit continuity within a predetermined maximum amount of time upon detection of a break.

Regarding claims 9, 17, 26, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45 and 47, Arecco teaches the TDM switch (e.g., switch 37) is configured to route TDM traffic from each respective receive circuit (e.g., coupler 31 and 32) to the common destination (e.g., line terminal 39). Further, while Arecco may not specifically disclose the path links are VTs, Arecco teaches that path links are optical links (e.g., see abstract). The Examiner takes official notice that it is well known in the art for VTs to be used as path links in optical networks.

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#### Conclusion

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Justin M Philpott whose telephone number is 703.305.7357. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 9:00am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Huy D Vu can be reached on 703.308.6602. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703.305.4750.

Justin M Philpott

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HUY D. VU SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600

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